

Please write clearly in block capitals.

Centre number

Candidate number

Surname _____

Forename(s) _____

Candidate signature _____

I declare this is my own work.

A-level FURTHER MATHEMATICS

Paper 1

Friday 22 May 2020

Morning

Time allowed: 2 hours

Materials

- You must have the AQA formulae and statistical tables booklet for A-level Mathematics and A-level Further Mathematics.
- You should have a scientific calculator that meets the requirements of the specification. (You may use a graphical calculator.)

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- You must answer each question in the space provided for that question. If you require extra space for your answer(s), use the lined pages at the end of this book. Write the question number against your answer(s).
- Do **not** write outside the box around each page.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.

Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- You do not necessarily need to use all the space provided.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
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10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
TOTAL	



Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

1 Which of the integrals below is **not** an improper integral?

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-x} dx$$

$$\int_0^2 \frac{1}{1-x^2} dx$$

$$\int_0^1 \sqrt{x} dx$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

2 Which one of the matrices below represents a rotation of 90° about the x -axis?

Circle your answer.

[1 mark]

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



3 The quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ ($a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$) has real roots α and β .

One of the four statements below is incorrect.

Which statement is **incorrect**?

Tick (✓) **one** box.

[1 mark]

$$c = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = 0 \text{ or } \beta = 0$$

$$c = a \Rightarrow \alpha \text{ is the reciprocal of } \beta$$

$$b < 0 \text{ and } c < 0 \Rightarrow \alpha > 0 \text{ and } \beta > 0$$

$$b = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = -\beta$$

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



4 (b) Find the value of p and the value of r .

[2 marks]

Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



5 H_1 is the locus of points such that the distance from the point (5, 0) is twice the distance from the line $x = 2$

5 (a) Show that the equation of H_1 can be written in the form

$$(x - 1)^2 - \frac{y^2}{q} = r$$

where q and r are integers.

[5 marks]



5 (b) H_2 is the hyperbola

$$x^2 - y^2 = 4$$

Describe fully a sequence of two transformations which maps the graph of H_2 onto the graph of H_1

[4 marks]

Turn over ►



6 Let w be the root of the equation $z^7 = 1$ that has the smallest argument α in the interval $0 < \alpha < \pi$

6 (a) Prove that w^n is also a root of the equation $z^7 = 1$ for any integer n .

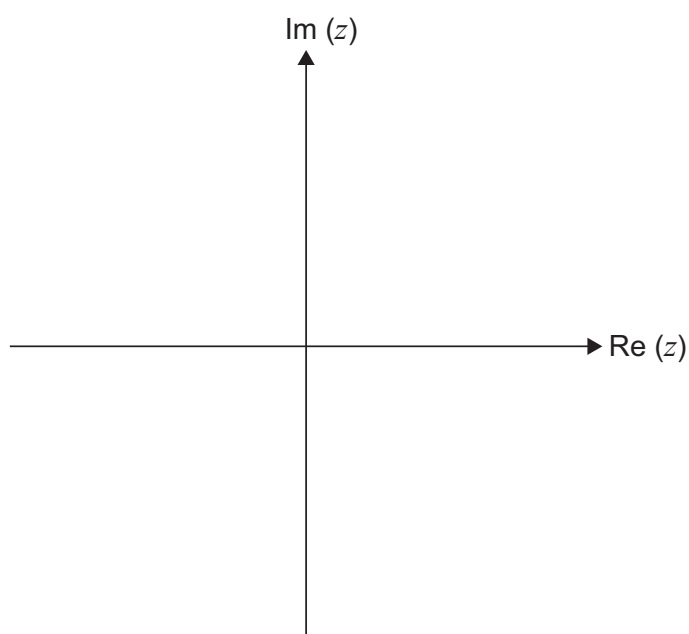
[1 mark]

6 (b) Prove that $1 + w + w^2 + w^3 + w^4 + w^5 + w^6 = 0$

[2 marks]

6 (c) Show the positions of $w, w^2, w^3, w^4, w^5,$ and w^6 on the Argand diagram below.

[2 marks]



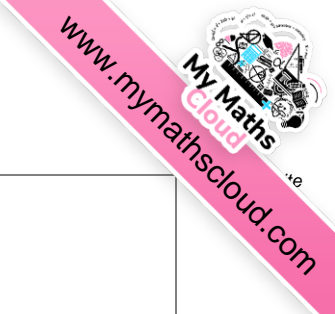
6 (d) Prove that

$$\cos \frac{2\pi}{7} + \cos \frac{4\pi}{7} + \cos \frac{6\pi}{7} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

[4 marks]

Turn over ▶





7 Three planes have equations

$$(4k + 1)x - 3y + (k - 5)z = 3$$

$$(k - 1)x + (3 - k)y + 2z = 1$$

$$7x - 3y + 4z = 2$$

7 (a) The planes do **not** meet at a unique point.

Show that $k = 4.5$ is one possible value of k , and find the other possible value of k .

[3 marks]



7 (b) For each value of k found in part (a), identify the configuration of the given planes.

In each case fully justify your answer, stating whether or not the equations of the planes form a consistent system.

[4 marks]

Turn over ►



8

The three roots of the equation

$$4x^3 - 12x^2 - 13x + k = 0$$

where k is a constant, form an arithmetic sequence.

Find the roots of the equation.

[6 marks]



Turn over for the next question

Turn over ►



9 (b) Find the coordinates of the two stationary points of the graph of $y = f(x)$

[2 marks]

9 (c) Show that the graph of $y = f(x)$ has an oblique asymptote and find its equation.

[2 marks]

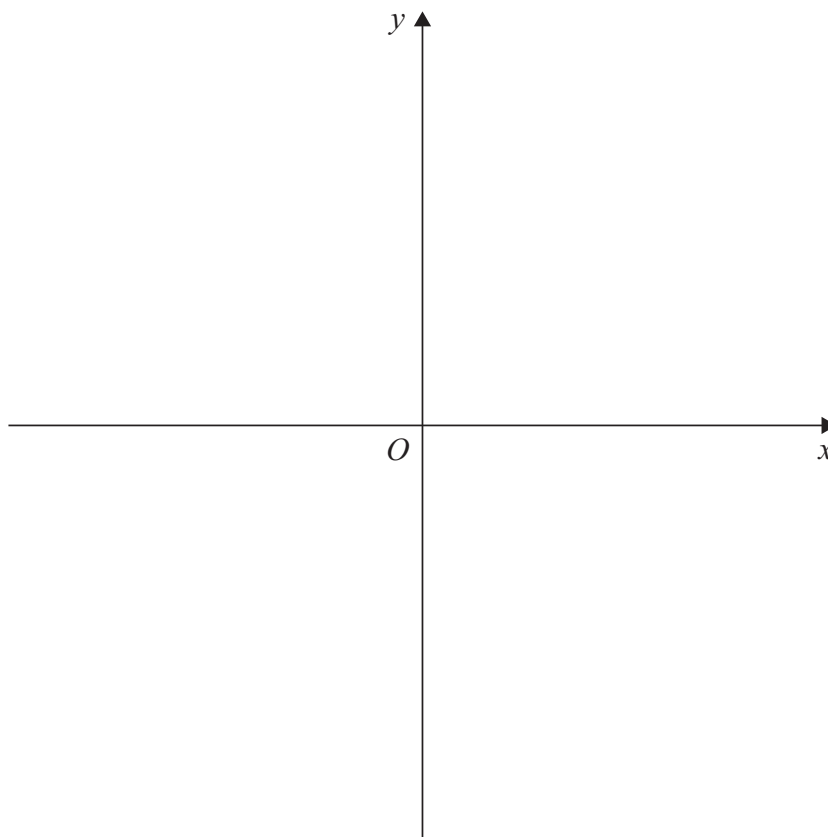
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9 (d) Sketch the graph of $y = f(x)$ on the axes below.

[4 marks]



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Turn over ►



10 (b) Find the particular solution for which $y = 0$ when $x = 3$

Give your answer in the form $y = f(x)$

[2 marks]

Turn over ►



11 The lines l_1 , l_2 and l_3 are defined as follows.

$$l_1 : \left(\mathbf{r} - \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \right) \times \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{0}$$

$$l_2 : \left(\mathbf{r} - \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} \right) \times \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{0}$$

$$l_3 : \left(\mathbf{r} - \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 12 \\ -4 \end{bmatrix} \right) \times \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \\ 9 \end{bmatrix} = \mathbf{0}$$

11 (a) (i) Explain how you know that two of the lines are parallel.

[1 mark]





11 (a) (ii) Show that the perpendicular distance between these two parallel lines is 7.95 units, correct to three significant figures.

[5 marks]

Horizontal lines for writing the answer.

Turn over ►



Turn over for the next question

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12 (a) Use the definition of the cosh function to prove that

$$\cosh^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) = \ln\left(\frac{x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}{a}\right) \quad \text{for } a > 0$$

[6 marks]



12 (b) The formulae booklet gives the integral of $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - a^2}}$ as

$$\cosh^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{a}\right) \quad \text{or} \quad \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 - a^2}) + c$$

Ronald says that this contradicts the result given in part (a).

Explain why Ronald is wrong.

[2 marks]

Turn over ►



- 13** Two light elastic strings each have one end attached to a particle B of mass $3c$ kg, which rests on a smooth horizontal table.

The other ends of the strings are attached to the fixed points A and C , which are 8 metres apart.

ABC is a horizontal line.



String AB has a natural length of 4 metres and a stiffness of $5c$ newtons per metre.

String BC has a natural length of 1 metre and a stiffness of c newtons per metre.

The particle is pulled a distance of $\frac{1}{3}$ metre from its equilibrium position towards A , and released from rest.

- 13 (a)** Show that the particle moves with simple harmonic motion.

[8 marks]



- 13 (b)** Find the speed of the particle when it is at a point P , a distance $\frac{1}{4}$ metre from the equilibrium position. Give your answer to two significant figures.

[4 marks]

Turn over ►



14 (a) Given that

$$\sinh(A + B) = \sinh A \cosh B + \cosh A \sinh B$$

express $\sinh(m + 1)x$ and $\sinh(m - 1)x$ in terms of $\sinh mx$, $\cosh mx$, $\sinh x$ and $\cosh x$

[1 mark]

14 (b) Hence find the sum of the series

$$C_n = \cosh x + \cosh 2x + \dots + \cosh nx$$

in terms of $\sinh x$, $\sinh nx$ and $\sinh(n + 1)x$

[5 marks]



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